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Anne C. Ronan (State Bar #006041)
ARIZONA CENTER FOR LAW IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST
202 East McDowell Road, Suite 153
Phoenix, Arizona 85004
(602) 258-8850

Cheryl Koch Martinez (State Bar #019162)
ARIZONA CENTER FOR DISABILITY LAW
3839 North Third Street, Suite 209
Phoenix, Arizona 85003

Steven J. Schwartz
Cathy E. Costanzo
CENTER FOR PUBLIC REPRESENTATION
22 Green Street
Northampton, MA. 01060
(413) 584-6838

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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# IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARICOPA

CHARLES ARNOLD, MARICOPA PUBLIC FIDUCIARY, as guardian and next friend on Maricopa County behalf of JOHN GOSS; NANCY E. ELLISTON, No. C-432355 as guardian, Maricopa County conservator and next friend on behalf of CLIFTON DORSETT and as next friend on behalf of RICHARD PLAINTIFFS' REPORT ON SCHACHTERLE and SUSAN SITKO; TERRY CONSUMER, FAMILY BURCH; and on behalf of all others similarly AND ADVOCATE ISSUES situated. Plaintiffs. v. ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES, ARIZONA STATE HOSPITAL, (Assigned to the Honorable MARICOPA COUNTY BOARD OF Bernard J. Dougherty) SUPERVISORS, JANET NAPOLITANO, GOVERNOR OF ARIZONA, Defendants.

#### L BACKGROUND

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At the October 8, 2004 Status Hearing, the Court ordered Plaintiffs' counsel to meet with representatives of consumer and advocate groups to provide the Court with guidance on whether further orders are necessary to address their concerns.

To accomplish this, Plaintiffs' counsel began by making a comprehensive list of concerns about the mental health system in Maricopa County raised by consumers, family members and advocates using the following sources: written statements submitted to the Court for the Status Hearing, oral presentations at the Status Hearing, a summary of a public forum held in October 2004 by the Maricopa County Regional Behavioral Health Authority ("RBHA"), and summaries of meetings Plaintiffs' counsel held prior to the Status Hearing with various consumers. We reviewed this list with representatives of consumers, advocates and family members to ensure all critical issues were identified. Plaintiffs' counsel then divided the issues by the applicable provision in the Court's current orders, the Joint Stipulation on Exit Criteria and Disengagement ("Exit Stipulation") and the Supplemental Agreement. We have also identified those issues below which are not clearly covered by the current orders.

# II. ISSUES IDENTIFIED BY CONSUMERS, ADVOCATES AND FAMILY MEMBERS

The issues identified by consumer, advocates and family members can generally be grouped into the following provisions of the Court's orders.

#### Court's Orders:

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# A. Quality and Operations of Case Management Services, Clinical Team and Clinics

# 1. Individual Service Plans [ISPs] are not developed according to agency rules

Comment: Use of inappropriate ISP format and content, lack of consumer and family involvement in development of ISP, ISPs not individualized, lack of involvement of critical members on ISP team.

## 2. Poor quality of medication practices

Comment: Incorrect prescriptions written; incorrect dosages; lack of monitoring for side affects and necessary adjustment of medications; physicians failure to listen to consumers and families' feedback on side effects and lack of effectiveness; over reliance on medications as the only intervention; delays in appointments causing lapse in medication coverage; delays in coverage due to prior authorization process.

# 3. Ineffective supervision, management and operation of clinics

## 4. Inadequate and outdated assessments

## 5. High case management caseloads

Comment: Problems related include too little time to conduct assessments and plan and provide services.

## 6. Poor quality of case management

Comment: Significant numbers of inexperienced staff, lack of individualized attention, lack of contact from case management staff over long periods of time, little or no outreach to clients, lack of knowledge of available services, failure to effectively communicate service options and legal rights, inadequate discharge planning for individuals leaving inpatient facilities and jails.

#### 7. Inadequate training of case management/clinical staff

Comment: Specifically in the areas of service options, the recovery model, the Department's rules, discharge planning, engagement and outreach, co-occurring disorders and basic interpersonal skills.

#### 8. High turnover in case management and clinical staff

#### B. Compliance with the Rules

#### 1. Eligibility criteria are not appropriately applied

Comment: The result is improper denial of eligibility for designation as Seriously Mentally III, and particularly if an individual has an issue with substance abuse.

### Individuals not treated with dignity and respect

Comment: Lack of privacy at the clinics; lack of honesty about the processes, in particular concerning service availability and implementation; and a lack of compassion and dedication in the delivery of care, all of which results in consumers feeling fearful of retaliation.

### 3. Inadequate number of human rights advocates

Comment: The rules require close to 70 human rights advocates for Maricopa County; having the advocates working for ADHS/BHS limits the advocate's ability to independently advocate for clients.

## 4. Failure to inform consumers of rights

### C. Inpatient and Crisis Network

### 1. Inadequate crisis network

Comment: Need for an increased number of mobile crisis teams, increased in-home respite supports, the creation of short-term crisis and respite beds, an urgent care center located in the East Valley, and crisis response capacity at the individual clinics.

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1		2.	Improper discharge from inpatient, residential treatment and jail	
2			Comment: Discharges to shelters or inadequate housing without	
3			appropriate supports; changes in medication on discharge due to formulary restrictions; lack of continuity of care between providers.	
4	D.	Co-O	ccurring Disorders	
5		1.	Lack of long-term planning for individuals with co-occurring disorders.	
7 8		2.	Lack of case management staff trained on co-occurring disorders	
9			Comment: Failure to conduct outreach and effectively engage consumers with co-occurring disorders.	
10	E.	Employment.		
11		1.	Difficulty accessing vocational services and supported employment.	
13	F.	Housing		
14.		1.	Lack of sufficient housing	
16	G.	Service Development		
17		1.	Failure to identify service gaps.	
18		2.	Lack of available services	
19			Comment: Limited program options in the community, long waiting lists,	
20	1		and individuals' difficulty accessing services.	
21		3.	Services that are insufficient or lacking are:	
22			• housing	
23			<ul><li>employment</li><li>transportation</li></ul>	
24			<ul> <li>individual and group counseling, including specialized therapies,</li> </ul>	
25			such as those geared toward co-occurring population and the young adult population,  • peer-provided services	

oversight of the system by consumers and family members, and pharmacy practices.

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## A. Issues Substantially Addressed by the Court's Current Orders

The chart below outlines how most of the identified issues are addressed by current Court order.

ISSUES	APPLICABLE COURT ORDER
ISSUES	AFFEICABLE COURT ORDER
Clinical Teams and Clinics Case	Exit Stipulation ¶¶ 4, 5 40, 41, App C
Management	Supplemental Agreement ¶¶ 22,23, 24, 25,26,
	31
	Maricopa County Case Management and
-	Clinical Team Services Plan
Compliance with Rules	Exit Stipulation ¶¶ 4 & 5
	Supplemental Agreement ¶ 30
Inpatient and Crisis Network	Exit Stipulation ¶ 4,5,24
Co-Occurring	Supplemental Agreement ¶ 9, 17, 18, 21
Employment	Exit Stipulation ¶ 31
	Supplemental Agreement ¶ 9, 17, 18, 21
Housing	Exit Stipulation ¶ 32
	Supplemental Agreement ¶ 9, 17, 18, 21
Service Development	Exit Stipulation ¶¶10, 14, 24, 29,
	Supplemental Agreement ¶¶ 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15,
	16,17, 18, 20, 21
Quality Management and	Exit Stipulation: ¶ 37-40 and ¶ 51 and
Oversight	Appendix F Amended Appointment of the Court
	Monitor
	Supplemental Agreement ¶ ¶ 23, 25, 26, 30 31,
	32
Budget	Exit Stipulation ¶¶ 33,34

The Plaintiffs believe that the issues described in sections II A-G are adequately addressed by each Court order, provided that the Defendants comply with these orders. Many of the specific quality concerns with the operation of clinics are not specifically addressed in the Exit Stipulation and Supplemental Agreement. However, the strategies in the Corrective Action Plan have the potential to remedy a wide range of quality

concerns. Consumers and family members are employed as members of the mentoring teams and are committed to continuing to raise these concerns. The consumers and family members will be part of the evaluation and debriefing process for the mentoring teams at the five targeted sites and will seek improvements in all areas of practice at the clinic sites.

The consumers, family members and advocates raised a number of concerns and suggestions concerning the lack of oversight of both ADHS and the RBHA. The concerns addressed oversight of both the provision of services to clients, as well as the development of the budget and the expenditure of appropriated funds. They are specifically concerned that the oversight be independent of both ADHS and the RBHA. It is our belief that the Monitor's Office must play an enhanced oversight role with respect to both ADHS and the RBHA. While it is clear that under the Monitor's current orders, she has broad authority to perform this function, greater oversight by the Monitor's Office will necessitate an increase in her staff and budget.

With respect to the ADHS budget, Plaintiffs intend to carefully scrutinize the budget developed by the Department for the Governor, including the development of the Title XIX capitation rates which in the past year were dramatically reduced, resulting in a corresponding reduction in services. Over the next sixty to ninety days, we will discuss with the Defendants the best method to perform this oversight function and will report to the Court by March 1, 2005 if additional orders are necessary to ensure sufficient oversight of the budget process.

### B. Issues Not Substantially Addressed by the Court's Current Orders

#### 1. Oversight of the Expenditures by the RBHA

There have been significant increases in funding for classmembers in the last four years, yet both the quality and capacity of the services system has deteriorated. The consumers, family members and advocates have raised concerns about ValueOptions' excessive profits, shifting funds between clients groups, use of affiliated or sister corporations, retention of pharmacy rebates, and excessive or inappropriate administrative costs — all of which could result in less funding for needed services. Plaintiffs believe that at this juncture there must be enhanced oversight of all of the RHBA's budgeting, contracting, accounting, and expenditure activities. While oversight of the state budget and appropriation process is currently covered by the Court's order, the oversight of the RBHA's fiscal practices are not. Over the next sixty to ninety days, Plaintiffs will meet with the Defendants to discuss how best to accomplish this function and will report to the Court by March 1, 2005 if additional orders are needed.

# 2. Independent Oversight of the System by Consumers and Family Members

The consumer and family members believe that to ensure quality of services, it essential that there be the capacity for independent oversight of the community mental health system by the persons who are served by that system. To some extent, this has been accomplished with the addition of consumers and family members to the Court Monitor's audit team. However, they envision an ongoing monitoring of the system with regular reporting and the authority to require corrective action. We have begun discussions with the Court Monitor to determine whether this function could be

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established in her Office. She has agreed to discuss this with the consumers and family members over the next sixty to ninety days.

#### 3. Pharmacy Issues

The consumers, family members and advocates raised serious concerns about the manner in which the RBHA manages the prescribing and dispensing of medications, as set forth in section II(J) above. Many of the concerns were with the prior authorization policies of the RBHA. They include restrictions on what medications are covered on the RBHA formulary, restrictions on dosage and combinations of medications, requirements that medications be prior authorized month after month without sufficient prescriber appointments to ensure continuity of care, differences in formularies from inpatient settings to the RBHA clinics resulting in arbitrary and at times disruptive changes in client's medication regime, requirements that clients must fail on older, less effective medications before newer medications will be authorized, differences in formulary between the Maricopa County RBHA and other RBHA's in the state, as well as quality issues described in Paragraph II(A)(2) above.

The consumers, family members and advocates have begun conversations with both DBHS and the RBHA about these concerns and have seen some favorable resolution. While there remain many issues related to medication, they intend to continue to address them directly with DBHS and the RBHA. Therefore, the plaintiffs do not believe that any further action on these issues are required by the Court.

#### IV. CONCLUSION

After a comprehensive review of the issues raised by consumers, family members and advocates, the Plaintiffs believe that most of the concerns will be addressed if there is

full and timely compliance with the current court orders. For most of the remaining issues, Plaintiffs with meet and confer with the Defendants and the Monitor to address those issues and report back to the Court by March 1, 2005 as to whether additional orders are necessary.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 10th day of December, 2004.

Anne C. Ronan
ARIZONA CENTER FOR LAW IN THE
PUBLIC INTEREST
202 East McDowell Road
Suite 153
Phoenix, Arizona 85004

Cheryl Koch-Martinez
ARIZONA CENTER FOR DISABILITY LAW
3839 North Third Street, Suite 209
Phoenix, Arizona 85012

Steven J. Schwartz
Cathy E. Costanzo
CENTER FOR PUBLIC REPRESENTATION
22 Green Street
Northampton, Massachusetts 01060

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

ORIGINAL of the foregoing filed this 10th day of December, 2004 with:

Clerk of the Superior Court 201 W. Jefferson Phoenix, Arizona 85003

,	COPY of the foregoing hand
	delivered this 10th day of
•	December, 2004 to:
-	11
	The Honorable Bernard J. Dougherty
4	Superior Court of Maricopa County
	201 W. Jefferson
5	Suite 4A
	11
6	
_	Attention: Cheryl - Judge Colin Campbell
7	
8	COPY of the foregoing mailed this 10th day
	of December, 2004 to:
. 9	
_	Robert J. Sorce
10	Office of the Attorney General
	1275 W. Washington
11	Phoenix, AZ 85007
	I nooma, AZ 85007
12	Attornous for Charles D. C. 1
	Attorneys for State Defendants
13	Time at 1
14	Tim Nelson
T.4	General Counsel
15	Governor Janet Napolitano
	1700 W. Washington, 9th Floor
16	Phoenix, AZ 85007
	1
17	Counsel for the Governor
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
18	Louis Gorman
19	Maricopa County Attorney
19	Division of County Counsel
20	222 N Central Suite 1100
2 V	222 N. Central, Suite 1100
21	Phoenix, AZ 85004-2206
22	Charles L. Arnold
ŀ	Frazer, Ryan, Goldberg & Arnold
23	3101 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1600
	Phoenix, AZ 85012
24	·
<u>,</u>	Attorney for the Monitor
25	2 y :

1	Nancy Diggs
2	Office of the Monitor
	4201 N. 16 <sup>th</sup> Street
3	Suite 220 Phoenix A7 85016
4	Phoenix, AZ 85016
5	Monitor
6	Michael S. Rubin
	Gary L. Birnbaum
7	Mariscal, Weeks, McIntyre & Friedlander, P.A
8	2901 N. Central Avenue, Suite 200
·	Phoenix, AZ 85012
9	Attorneys for County Defendants
10	Miorneys for County Defendants
	Cheryl Koch-Martinez
11	Arizona Center for Disability Law
12	3839 N. Third Street, Suite 209
	Phoenix, AZ 85012
13	Steven J. Schwartz
14	Cathy E. Costanzo
	CENTER FOR PUBLIC REPRESENTATION
15	22 Green Street
16	Northampton, Massachusetts 01060
17	Attorneys for Plaintiffs
18	By:
19	
20	_
21	
22	•